



OUALITY SEBVICE SERVICE

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1. Introduction

The SFU0052 is the successor of the SFU051 and can replace it directly with the exception that the spindle characteristics of the DC version are different and can not be interchanged, but are available at BMR on request. It is implemented an improved DC functions which grants a much better overall performance.

The rotational speed of **BLDC** (brushless direct current) motors is direct depending on the voltage applied. Generally this voltage will be connected to a 3 phase winding on the rotor via a collector, which takes over the proper commutation.

BLDC motors have the windings on the stator and a permanent magnet on the stator. So they don't need a mechanical collector, but the commutation has to be carried out electronically The precondition for this is the knowledge about the position of rotor at any time. The informations have to be gathered either from encoders or from the back emf voltage of the winding, which is a so called sensorless operation.

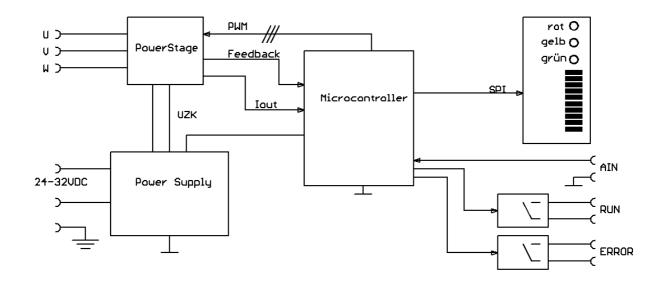
The rotation speed of an **AC** motor depends on the revolving field of the stator. The rotor doesn't follow the revolving field of the converter. This difference is called slippage, which is typical for all ac motors.

The motor control is realized by a well proved special BMR speed *vector control*. A speed sensor within the spindle is not necessary.

2. Description and Features

- ✓ sensorless Operation of BLDC and AC spindles
- ✓ The frequency converter SFU 0052 allows rotational speeds up to 1.667Hz / 100.000 Upm
- ✓ Output power up to 250VA within a very compact DIN rail case
- ✓ The core of **SFU 0052** is a **digital signal processor** (DSP) which produces all output parameters and collects signals.
- ✓ All parameters like power, voltage and frequency are collected in **real time** and are regulated by the implemented vector control depending on the load.
- ✓ High operating safety: All operating conditions like acceleration, operation with nominal rotation speed and braking are controlled and critical conditions are intercepted.
- Easy and flexible integration into new or existing applications with Input und Output signals for control.
- ✓ Short circuit protected
- Up to 16 Spindle characteristics
- ✓ DIN RAIL MOUTING

3. Block Schematic



4. Technical Data

Power Supply Voltage	Logic / Digital: +24V / 0,25A DC (18V 30V) Spindle: +24V 50V DC / Fuse: 6,3 AT protected against reverse wiring
Continiunous Output Power	250VA
Spindle Connection	3-polig: U, V, W
Output Voltage	depending on Spindle Voltage Supply max 33V
Output Current	6A, electronically limited
Overload	to be set up for max. 20s
Output frequency	max. 1.667Hz / 100.00Upm
Control Input	1 Analogue: 0-10V pluggable screw terminal X1
Control Outputs	2 Digital: Relay at pluggable screw terminal X1 24VDC/1000mA, 24VDC/1000A, 125VAC/500mA
Interface	USB for setup and remote control
Dimensions B x H x T (mm)	105 x 125 x 55 Mounting at 35mm DIN rail
Weight	ca. 300g
Protection	IP20
Operating Temp.	5 - 40°C / Luftfeuchtigkeit max. 85 %

5. Safety-Precautions and Warnings

- This device produces dangerous electrical voltages and is used for the operation of fast spinning tools. Because of their high rotational speed, it may be dangerous in case of improper handling. For this reason, only professionally trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to work with and setup this device!
- Before the first commissioning can be carried out, it should be ensured that the spindle and the tool are fixed properly, to eliminate all dangers because of uncontrolled movement of the spindle.
- ✓ Safety regulations being valid for the country where the device is used, have to be adhered to where any work is carried out on the device.
- ✓ Before the device is turned on for the first time, it should be verified, that the connected parts cannot carry out uncontrolled movements.
- ✓ The frequency converter must not be operated close to heating devices or magnets or devices generating strong magnetic fields.
- ✓ Sufficient air circulation around the converter should be ensured.

- ✓ Fluids should be prevented from intruding into the housing. If it seems to be happened, the converter has to be switched off immediately.
- The ambient air must not use aggressive, flammable or electrically conductive substances and should be as free of dust as possible.
- ✓ All repairs and maintenance on the converter and the relating accessories must be carried out by skilled personal and with powered off, only. To ensure this, the mains plug should be pulled out. In doing this, both the terms of regulations for preventing accidents and the general and national rules for mounting and safety have to be applied.
- ✓ Do not open this device while it is connected to power supply. There is danger of life! With opening this unit the period of warranty will be ended.
- ✓ All people who work with this device should be trained and instructed by their line advanced technician.



Attention:

Please verify that all power supply voltages are correct in polarity and value.



Attention:

Please ensure to have the proper characteristic selected, always! The operation of a spindle with a wrong characteristic may harm the spindle severely!



Attention:

In case of replacing the fuses, please ensure to use types only, which are mentioned in 'Technical Data'!

6. Connections, Interfaces and Pinouts



6.1 Analogue Input - Digital Output X1 6 pol. pluggable screw terminal 3,5mm

Pin	Function	Description	
1	Analogue Input	Start/Stop in combination with Set Value of rotational speed protected against voltags beyond 10V see 7.2 /7.3	
2	Gound	Ground for Pin 1	
3	Relay1 (NO)	Spindle RUN (normally open) Spindle has reached set value	
4		default setting:	
5	Relay2 (NO)	Overload / Error (normally open)	
6		default setting:	

6.2 Spindle Connection X2

3 pol. pluggable screw terminal 3,5mm

Pin	Function	Description
1	U	Spindle Phase 1
2	V	Spindle Phase 2
3	W	Spindle Phase 3

6.3 Mains Connection X3

3 pol pluggable screw terminal 5,0mm – to be locked

Pin	Function	Description
1	PE	Protective Earth
2	OV	GND Uspind and +24V
3	+ Uspind (+24 50V)	+ Spindle Voltage Supply -> Fuse 6,3AT protected against voltage reversal and emf voltage from spindle. Voltages measured here are not buffered by a cap. 24V Spindles may be operated with a bridge to Pin 4.
4	+ 24V (+18V 30V)	+ Voltage Supply for Logic -> FUSE FS1 250mAT protected against voltage reversal Umax = 32V!!

6.4 Interface USB

For communication with PC and setup and remote control with the help of SFU-Terminal

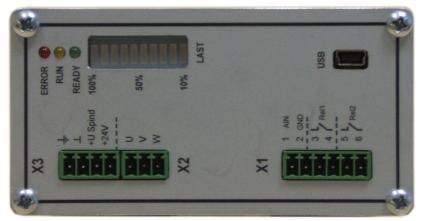
7. Description of Functions and Operation

SFU 0052-SSE gets all important operating conditions and parameters. A selection of two can be output on the digital outputs as messages

All setups described below can easily be carried out with the help of SFU Terminal with a Version higher than V5.9 .

The multi purpose input X1-PIN 1 input can be used for setting up the desired rotational speed and in combination for START-STOP

7.1 Frontpanel



Picture 3

During operation the current status is displayed at the LEDs *ERROR*, *RUN*, *READY* The LED *ERROR* is additionally a common indication for an error.

7.2 Start and Stop of the converter

An input voltage of 0V at X1-PIN 1 makes the spindle stop, and a voltage higher than 0,29V starts the spindle up to a rotational speed according to the scaling.

As indication for RUN State the yellow LED is switched ON and relay at X1-PIN3-4 is switched.

As soon as an error occurs, the spindle is stopped. A restart is possible after reset and set of the voltage at X1-PIN 1

7.3 Set Value of Rotational Speed

There are two possibilities for scaling the rotational speed

- ✓ 0-10V / Min-Max: The default scaling for the analogue value is according the Min/Max values of the rotational speed from the spindle characteristic
 - e.g.: set values are Min: 5.000rpm, Max: 60.000
 - This results in a formula for the control voltage u: u = set value * 10V/60.000rpm
 - A voltage of u<0,8V realizes standstill, a voltage of 0,8V sets the minimum speed of 5.000rpm and 10V sets the maximum rotational speed of 60.000rpm.
- ✓ Another option of the input scaling is 1V/10.000rpm.
 - As soon as the spindle is started the rotational speed can be increased to maximum
 - The analogue input is protected agains voltages beyond 10V for short time and not for permanent duration

7.4 Load Display

At the LED bar the current load condition is displayed as fractions of 100%. As soon as the maximum load is superceded the red LED is lit and the relay at X1-PIN 2-3 is switch. In case that this condition is persisting longer than 10s or longer as the value set up with SFU-Terminal, the spindle is stopped. (see 7.5)

7.5 Status LEDs and Relays

For indication of the current operating status there are 3 LEDs present. Operating conditions listed below are possible:

- ✓ **READY**: Power Supply of 24V has been connected and no error: green LED
- ✓ **PowerOn ERROR:** In case of the presence of an analogue voltage at X1-PIN 1-2 during PowerOn, the red and the green LED are switched on and the Error-Relay at X1-PIN 5-6 is switched. By this an automatic but unuinted start of the spindle is prevented
 - → Converter is in Error condition
- **▼ RUN**: The converter is started and the spindle runs. The green and the yellow LEDs are switched on and the Run-Relay at X1-PIN 3-4 is switched.
- ✓ Output Current < Max Current Limit: In case that the nominal current of the spindle is exceeded, the red ERROR LED is lit and the ERROR relay is switched. If this is persisting longer than 10s or longer as the value set up, the spindle will be stopped. Now the ERROR LED and the READY and RUN LED and the RUN Relay are off.
 - → The converter is in an Error Condition
- ✓ Output Current > Max Current Limit: In case of the max. current of the spindle is superceded immediately. In this case the ERROR LED and the READY and RUN LED and the RUN Relay are switched off.
 - → The converter is in an Error Condition
- ✓ **Spindle is blocked** (Stall): In case of a blocking of the spindle, it will be switched off **immediately In this case the** ERROR LED and the READY and RUN LED and the RUN Relay are switched off.
 - The converter is in an Error Condition

✓ Accepting an error condition and restore the Ready condition:

- → Analogue voltage has been switched off.
- → ERROR LED off Error-Relay at X1-PIN 5-6 open.
- → READY LED is on

ERROR RED	RUN YELLOW	READY GREEN	Condition
0	0	0	OFF
0	0	0	READY: ready for run, spindle standstill
0	0	0	RUN: Spindle has reached set value
•	0	•	ERROR: Overload and spindle runs, Automatic switch off after max 10 sec. To be set up with SFU-Terminal
•	0	0	ERROR: Spindle standstill Overload Stop or Spindle blocked
•	0	0	Analogueeingang > 0V at PowerOn
0	0	0	not used

ERROR: X1-PIN 5-6	RUN: X1-PIN 3-4	Status Relay (normally open)
open	open	READY: reday for run, spindle standstill
open	closed	RUN: Spindle has reached set value
closed	closed	ERROR: Pverload and spindle runs, Automatic switch off after max 10sec. To be set up with SFU-Terminal
closed	open	ERROR: Spindle standstill Overload Stop or Spindle blocked

8. Safety Functions

The following safety functions bring about controlled stop of the spindle according predefined deceleration times

- ✓ Safety stop because of converter excess temperature after delay-time of 10s is exceeded
- ✓ Safety stop by overload and time delay exceeded (default 10sec)
- ✓ Safety stop will occur immediately by exceeding the maximum admissible spindle current.

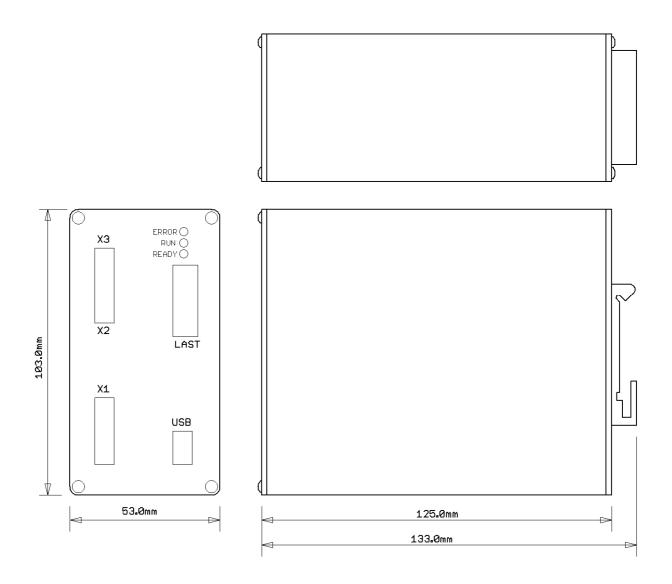
9. EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)

The compliance with the limit values of EMC is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the machine or device.

This device was developed for use in industrial environments. For trouble-free operation and to reduce emitted interference, the following should be observed during wiring of the equipment:

- ✓ The EMC of a machine or device is affected by all connected components (motor spindle, length and type of cables, wiring, etc..). Under certain conditions the use of additional filters can be necessary to maintain the current laws.
- ✓ The earth and shield connections of all those devices used in conjunction with the frequency converter should be as short as possible and have as large a cross-section as possible.
- ✓ Control devices used with the frequency converter (PLC, CNC, IPC, ...) should be connected to a common earth/earth terminal bar
- ✓ All connections both to and from the frequency converter should be via shielded cable.
- ✓ Supply cables, motor cables and control cables must be completely isolated from each other. Where crossing cannot be avoided, cables should be laid at 90° to each other.
- ✓ The control cable should be laid as far away as possible from the load cable.

10. Drawing



OUR QUALITY COMMITMENT

100% "Made in Germany"

100% precision

100% reliability

support

100% flexibility



Subject to technical alterations.

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